

DIG INTO INTERVENTION: FRACTION ADDITION

Presented by MathLinks Author
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For more information about our core programs for middle school and intervention programs for grades 6-9, please visit:

www.mathandteaching.org

In this session, you will learn:

- Some models for illustrating fraction addition
- Some strategies for adding fractions

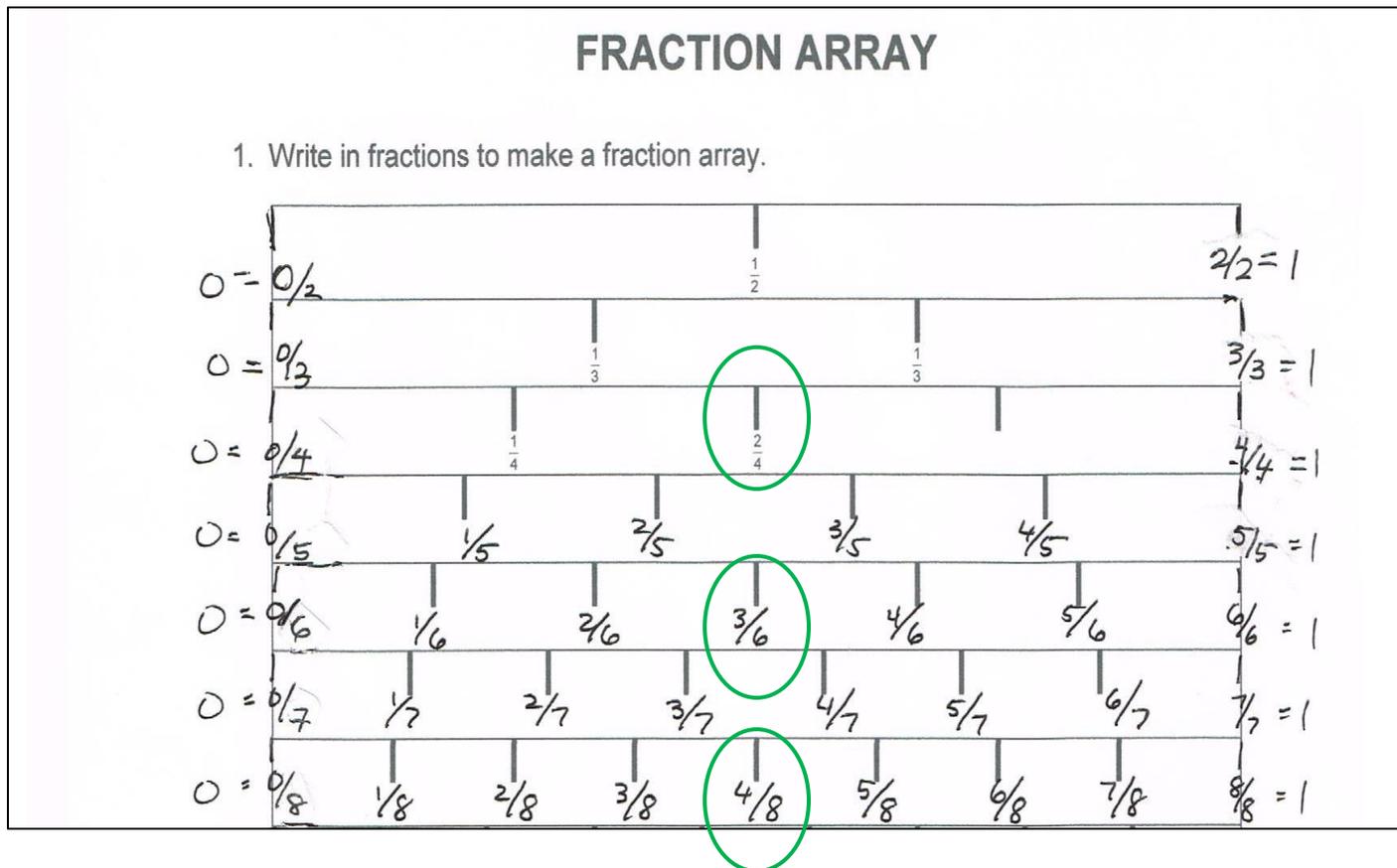
Philosophy

Many learners struggle with fractions in middle school and beyond. Our intervention work:

- Reviews elementary topics from a more mature perspective
- Develops concepts using sense making strategies
- Uses horizontal recording techniques that help prepare students for algebra

Assumptions

Students understand fraction meaning and equivalence.



Assumptions

Students can rename fractions using “the big 1.”

Diagram 1

$$\frac{1}{3}$$

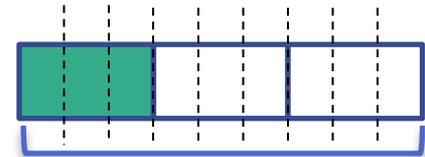


1 whole



Diagram 2

$$\frac{3}{9}$$



1 whole

$$\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{3} = \frac{3}{9}$$

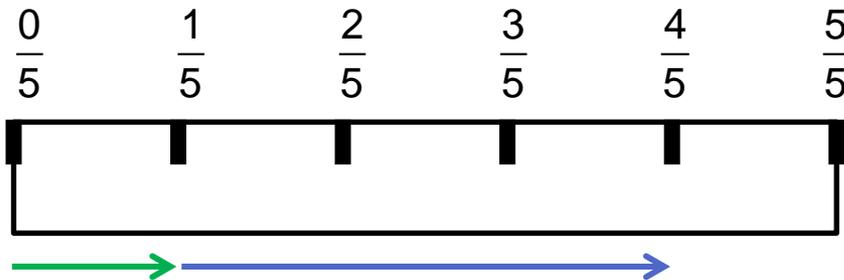
Strategies/Approaches

- Use a diagram
- Use mental math
- Use paper and pencil calculations

Add: $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{3}{5}$

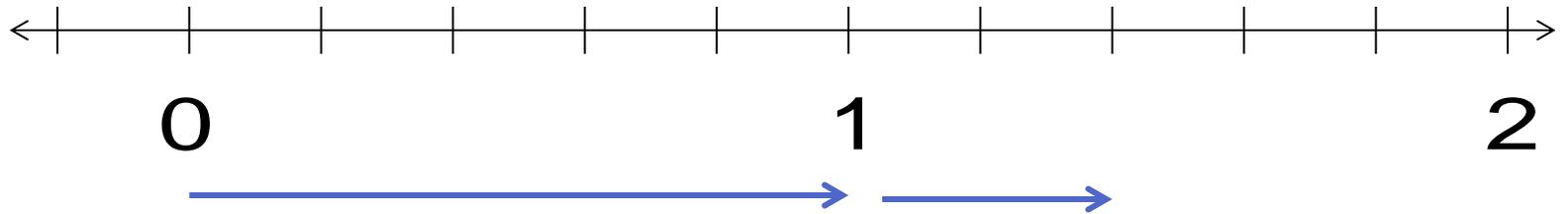


$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{4}{5}$$



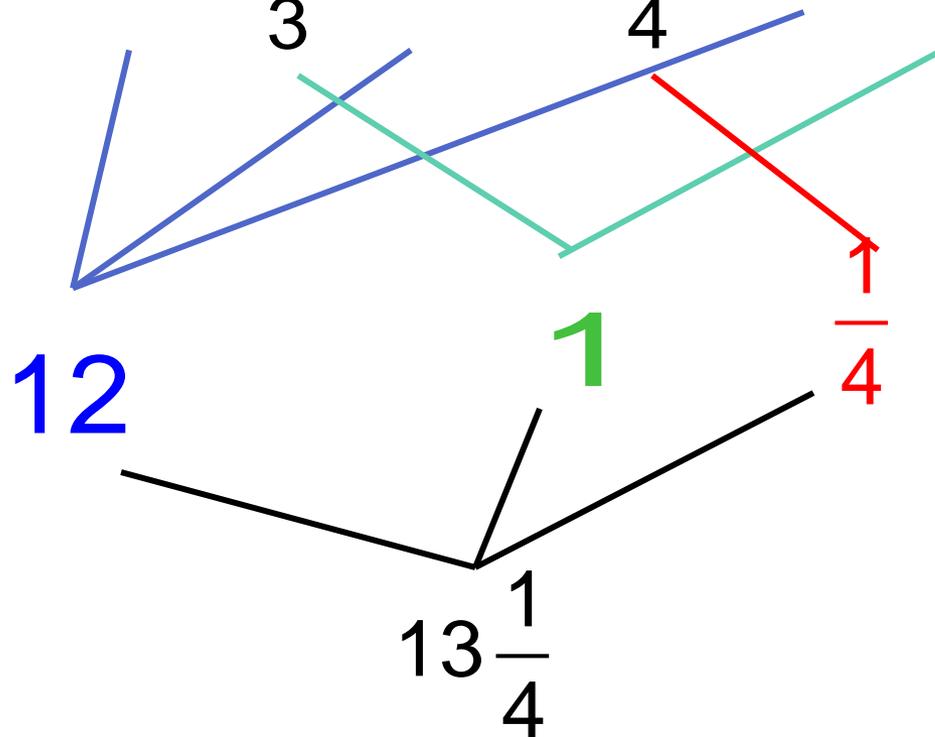
Interpreting “mixed” numbers

$$1\frac{2}{5} = 1 + \frac{2}{5}$$

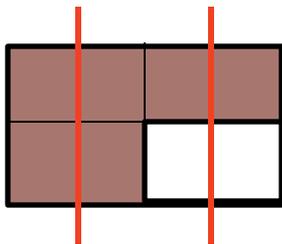
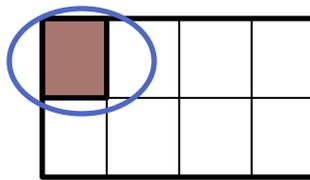


Add: $6\frac{1}{3} + 2\frac{1}{4} + 4\frac{2}{3}$

$$= 6 + \frac{1}{3} + 2 + \frac{1}{4} + 4 + \frac{2}{3}$$

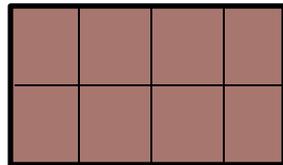
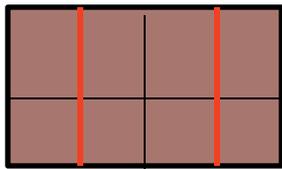


You have two and three-fourths waffles. Your friend has one and one-eighth waffles. How many waffles do you have together?



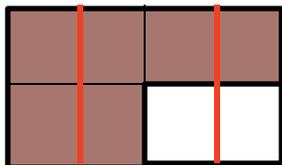
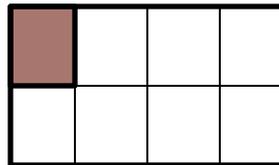
$$\begin{aligned}
 2\frac{3}{4} + 1\frac{1}{8} &= 2 + \frac{3}{4} + 1 + \frac{1}{8} \\
 &= 3 + \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{2}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{8} \\
 &= 3 + \frac{6}{8} + \frac{1}{8} \\
 &= 3 + \frac{7}{8} = 3\frac{7}{8}
 \end{aligned}$$

You have two and three-fourths waffles. Your friend has one and one-eighth waffles. How many waffles do you have together?



$$2\frac{3}{4} + 1\frac{1}{8}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{11}{4} + \frac{9}{8} \\
 &= \frac{11}{4} \left(\frac{2}{2} \right) + \frac{9}{8} \\
 &= \frac{22}{8} + \frac{9}{8} \\
 &= \frac{31}{8} = 3\frac{7}{8}
 \end{aligned}$$



Sequence summary - adding only

$$1. \quad \frac{1}{5} + \frac{3}{5}$$

$$2. \quad \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$3. \quad 1\frac{2}{5} = 1 + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$4. \quad 6\frac{1}{3} + 2\frac{1}{4} + 4\frac{2}{3}$$

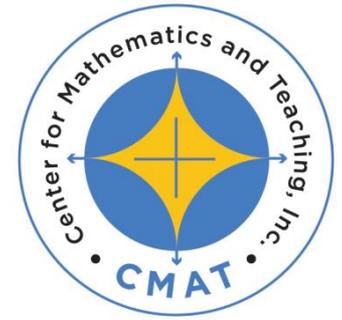
$$5. \quad 1 - \frac{3}{8}$$

$$6. \quad 3 - \frac{3}{8}$$

$$7. \quad 2\frac{3}{4} + 1\frac{1}{8}$$

$$8. \quad 3\frac{1}{3} - 2\frac{1}{2}$$

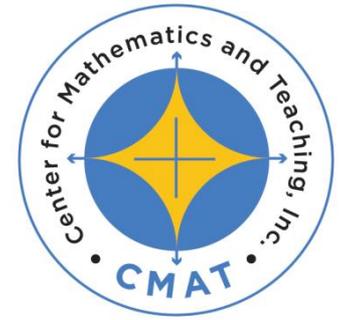
MathLinks



OUR PROGRAMS:

- Comprehensive 6-8 curriculum
- Customized intervention grades 6-9
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For more information, please visit our website at
www.mathandteaching.org



THANK YOU!

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www.mathandteaching.org/webinars